New Testament Shepherds

I. Unorganized Local Churches Redefines N.T. Elders

Assertions

"He shepherds sheep who are in proximity to him" ... "The phrase 'among you' in <u>1 Peter 5</u> points to the sheep being in their proximity so as to be overseen, watched, and served. After all, they live in the same <u>community</u>. ... the language does not require the formation of an institution to which the sheep may come for feeding as when people 'go to church'."

- Why not say 'flock'?
- Hb.10:25

Straw man

"Do we honestly think that sheep require a good weekly meal and one mid-week snack? Such a spiritual condition is <u>close to a Jewish</u> <u>concentration camp</u> during Nazi persecution."

- Straw man. Who believes sheep should exist on such meager rations?
- If prisoner had hidden food, should he not eat it? 1 Pt.2:2

Wishful thinking

"... The local church is a reference to saints in that city rather to a local organization meeting at a particular place. Again, this does not necessarily mean that they never gathered unless it was a city-wide gathering of all Christians. Instead, it merely, represents the called out individuals in one city (singular)." "The church in Jerusalem was simply the saints living at Jerusalem."

- Why call it a <u>body</u>? 1 Co.12:14, 19, 26
- 1 Co.12:27 not 'disconnected parts'

Prejudice

"There is nothing in Acts 9:26 that suggests Paul requesting to be a member of the church in Jerusalem <u>as if the church was an organi-</u> <u>zation to which you must submit an appli-</u> <u>cation for membership and considered at the</u> <u>review board</u>"

- Why prejudice?
- Was Paul requesting permission merely to live in Jerusalem?
- 1 Co.12, members
- Ac.20:28-32

Question (1/2)

"One does not place membership in the body any more than our hand places membership in our human body." "We are questioning whether a governing body should exist at all."

- Tell Luke, Paul, Spirit: Ac.9:26 to begin an association with someone... – to join ...join oneself to...become a part of –L-N.
- Ac.5:13 (cf. 5:36); 10:28.
- Ac.9:28, *was with them* (received into their fellowship . . . went in and out...1:21).

Question (2/2)

"One does not place membership in the body any more than our hand places membership in our human body." "We are questioning whether a governing body should exist at all."

- 1 Co.12:27, you are the <u>body</u> of Christ... a collectivity of members acting together.
- Ep.4:16, body, joined, knit together...



I. Unorganized Local Churches Redefines Elders

II. Local Churches (Assemblies, Congregations)

Every position has consequences

THD \rightarrow Direct operation of Holy Spirit

Faith alone \rightarrow no repentance / baptism

Church \neq collective \rightarrow no elders; no first day of week assembly; no treasury, etc.

"Church" (1/4)

[Call out] assembly – of a specific Christian group assembly, gathering ordinarily involving worship and discussion of matters of concern to the community; Mt 18:17...when you come together as an assembly 1 Cor 11:18... in each individual congregation or assembly Ac 14:23 – BDAG, 303f.

"Church" (2/4)

- prop. a gathering of citizens called out from their homes into some public place; an assembly; so used
 - 1. among the Greeks [Ac.19:39];
 - 2. in the Sept. often equiv. to קָהָל, the assembly of the Israelites.
 - 3. in the Christian sense,

"Church" (3/4)

3. in the Christian sense,

- a. *an assembly of Christians gathered for worship*: in the <u>religious meeting</u>, 1 Co. 14:19, 35...
- b. a company of Christians, or of those who, hoping for eternal salvation through Jesus Christ, <u>observe</u> their <u>own</u> religious rites, <u>hold their own religious meetings</u>, and <u>manage their own affairs</u> according to <u>regulations prescribed for the body</u> for order's sake.

"Church" (4/4)

3. in the Christian sense,

aa. those who <u>anywhere</u>, in <u>city or village</u>, <u>constitute such a company and are</u> <u>united into one body</u>: Acts 5:11; 8:3; 1 Co.4:17; 6:4; Phil.4:15; 3 Jn. 6 –Th. 195f I. Unorganized Local Churches Redefines Elders

II. Local Churches (Assemblies, Congregations)

III. Authority And Function Of Elders

Acts 14:23

- Appointed lit., 'stretch forth the hands' ... appointment of elders –Vine.
- We cannot 'appoint' someone to become an 'older / elder' man.

"Observe (1) that elders were not appointed as soon as the churches were planted; time must be taken so as to know what men were fitted for the office; (2) that elders were <u>not</u> <u>appointed to preside over a district</u>, but <u>in</u> <u>every church</u>; (3) that there was a <u>plurality</u>" – B. W. Johnson

Acts 15:4...

- 4: the church and the apostles and the elders
- 6: apostles and elders gathered to consider the matter
- 22: apostles, elders, church wrote...
 - Today, same thing happens: Ep.4:11

Acts 20:17...28

- 17: elders of the church
- 28: first take heed to themselves...

second, to all the flock 'in which' or 'among which' Spirit made you overseers. One reason: v.29

If flock is threatened, shepherds protect it, Jn.10.

third, to shepherd









Eph.4:11

Pastors – one who herds sheep, shepherd, sheep-herder – BDAG

Verb – 1 Pt.5:2, to act as a shepherd – Vine

1 Tim.3:1

Bishop / overseer – religious role involving both service and leadership – L-N.

Verb -1 Pt.5:2, to exercise the oversight, to visit, care for $_{-Vine}$.

1. <u>RULE</u>: 1 Tim.3:5; 5:17; 1 Th.5:12 –

'labor <u>among</u> you ... and are <u>over you</u> in the Lord': exercise a position of leadership, *rule, direct, be at the head (of)* – BDAG. To preside, rule – Vine.

1 Tim.3:1

Bishop / overseer – religious role involving both service and leadership – L-N.

Verb – 1 Pt.5:2, to exercise the oversight, to visit, care for – Vine.

1. RULE: 1 Tim.3:5; 5:17; 1 Th.5:12 -

2. <u>OBEY</u>: Hb.13:17

Obey, follow – BDAG. Obey – L-N. Acts 5:39, 'they yielded to him' - Vine. This is not rule only by example.

1 Tim.3:1

Bishop / overseer – religious role involving both service and leadership – L-N.

Verb -1 Pt.5:2, to exercise the oversight, to visit, care for -V ine.

1. RULE: 1 Tim.3:5; 5:17; 1 Th.5:12 -

2. OBEY: Hb.13:17

3. <u>SUBMIT</u>: Hb.13:17

Yield to someone's authority, *give way, submit* – BDAG. Submit to orders or directives of someone; ref. Tit.2:9 – L-N. I. Unorganized Local Churches Redefines Elders

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IV. What About Mt.20?

20-21, sit on right / left hand in kingdom (Mk.10:37)

22, Cup?

23, Cup: yes . . . Sit: no.

24, others are indignant

25-26a, Gentile rulers

- 1. Lord it over, master
- 2. Exercise authority over, reign over
 - >Nu.21:24, Israel defeated Sihon...
 - >Ac.19:16, demons overpowered Jews...
 - >1 Pt.5:3, elders cannot lord it over . . .

Apostles must not seek . . .

- 1. Preeminence / bullying, 3 Jn.9-10
- Legislative authority (as kings, sons);
 God's word is standard...
- 3. Worldly motives (as selfish gain, 1 Pt. 5:2)

25-26a, Gentile rulers

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- 2. Exercise authority over, reign over>Nu.21:24, Israel defeated Sihon...
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26b-27, different standard.

28: NOT . . . BUT: follow example of Jesus

Conclusion

- 1. Mt.20 condemns capricious, insensitive rule (such as Ahab and Jezebel).
- 2. Mt.20 does not contradict other passages that authorize / command elders to rule and congregation to obey / submit.
- 3. Mt.20 speaks of apostles. 2 Co.1:23-24. Phm.8-9.

Proper use of authority: 2 Co.10:8-9; 13:10